National Convention Adopts Plank Offered by Z. L. Cobb Pledging Support to Americans Wherever They Are, and Cobb Thinks It May Stiffen the Taft Backbone-He Sees a Victory For Ramsey For Governor.

(BY ZACK LAMAR COBB

world, and every American citizen, resident or having property in any foreign country, is entitled to and must be given the full protection of the United States zovernment, both for himself and his

The plank which was offered originally in the form of a resolution was shown to many delegates and met with universal and hearty approval. From every section delegates are familiar with the wickedly weak Mexican policy of the Taft administration. The Democratic party believes that American citizens should have the protection of our government wherever

taken better care of its citizens in for- president.

Baltimore, Md., July 3 .- The platform | erign countries than has ours. This conadopted by the Democratic convention contains the plank offered by me as follows:

"The constitutional rights of American citizens should protect them on own border and go with them throughout the world, and every American citizen residence.

"The constitutional rights of American citizens should protect them on own border and go with them throughout the world, and every American citizen residence.

to the Taft administration.

Americans in Mexico may well be gratified, because the day of their mistreatment and neglect is fast passing.

The Texas delegation has been like a family. Warm attachments have developed, and it is with no small degree of vertex that the fine heavy of men separate. regret that this fine body of men separ-ates, and it is a fine body. Our delegation has been recognized as a leading in-fluence in the convention, second only to the preeminent leadership of my political idol—the peerless Bryan. It will be interesting to many to know that this fine body of Texans are nearly all cordial supporters of Ramsey for governor. If our impression is correct, Ramsey will be elected governor by over 50,000 ma-

Americans have some times sought I am leaving today for home. This is the protection of the government of Great my last report. Hurrah for Woodrow Britain because that government has Wilson, the great Democrat, and our next

THREE KILLED BY THE OVERTURNING OF AUT

Duluth, Minn., July 3 .- Mrs. William White, Duluth; Miss Gladys Richardson, Bridgeport, Conn., and Langford Maddigan, Duluth, the latter a chauffeur, were killed early today on a country pike near Duluth, when a touring car in which they were returning home skidded from the road and overturned. William White, jr., was seriously injured and is in a local hospital.

Miss Nannie Turrish, daughter of Henry C. Turrish, a lumberman, was severely shocked and lay apparently lifeless at the roadside, until carried to a nearby farm house, where she was revived.

Charles W. Fitzgerald, the sixth member of the party, was thrown clear of the wreckage and escaped injury. Miss Richardson was 20 years old and her home was in Bridgeport, Conn.

She was the guest of Miss Turrish. Mrs. White was about 55 years old.

WILSON TO DIRECT HIS OWN CAMPAIGN

to Give Him Free Hand in Plans.

Baltimore, Md., July 3 -- Governor Vilson will, in the main, determine the direction of his own campaign for president; pass upon the desirability of appointing a campaign committee and confer with a subcommittee of the national committee on the naming of the officers or the new Democratic national committee.

This was the sense of the members of the new national committee which met today, and after continuing the officers of the old committee until a permanent organization was effected, they designated a subcommittee of five. consisting of chairman Mack, secre-tary Woodson and three others, to con-fer with governor Wilson on permanent organization.

The sub-committee also will confer with governor Wilson on any plans that the presidential naminee may have regarding the conduct of his campaign, and will report back to the full national committee at such time and place as chillran Mack may

designate.

It was said the continuance of the retiring officers until a permanent organization was perfected was entirely agreeable to governor Wilson.

The name of W. F. McCombs, of New York, campaign manager of governor Wilson, was talked about as a likely choice for either the new national chairman or head of a campaign committee.

Governor Wilson was advised by telephone this morning that the Demo-cratic national committee would wait upon him at Seagirt tomorrow after-

MEXICAN FLOOD CAUSES HAVOC

Destroys Most of Salamanca and Renders 1000 People Homeless.

Mexico City, Mexico, July 2 .- One Mexico City, Mexico, July 2.—One theusand persons were made houseless by floods which destroyed two-thirds of Salamanca, 25 miles southeast of Guanajunto Sunday, according to advices received here today. The traffic on the Laredo, Mexico and Gundalajara divisions of the rallroad has been interrupted. The first train for Laredo since Sunday got through today. The department of the interior estimates the loss at several million pesos. The government has voted 56, coe peses for the assistance of Sie sufferers.

SUIT FILED FOR DOG: CANINE IS PRISONER

As the result of litigation over its ownership, a Scotch collle dog is held a prisoner. The dog was in the possession of John Harm and is claimed by Jose Grenado for Alberto Terrazas. Grenado has filed a sequestration suit in justice J. J. Murphy's court for the recovery of the dog. The dog was given to Harm as a puppy by Chas. Hunt. Later, when Harm was about to sell the dog. Hunt took it back and gave it to Terrazas. Harm says he found the dog on the streets almost starving, and took the animal home.

June 10, Frank Roberts, a negro, is held by the Sfoux City police, Roberts claims he was at Clarenda iz, the night of the murder, having gone there to spend his vacation. He has lived in Sioux City since 1906, and for three graph studio.

For Davis Builds Grand For Cellebration to being built and the baseball grounds are being cleaned up for the celebration the fourth of July.

NO NEED FOR NEW PARTY, SAYS OSBORNE

National Committee Decides | Governor of Michigan Says Republicans Can Honestly Vote For Wilson.

during the colonel's battle for the presidential nomination, today issued a statement in which he declared that

is not binding on the Republican party even for the moment they are bear-ing aloft its stolen easign."

KRUGER TELLS OF ATTEMPTED BRIBERY

Says Franklin Wanted Him to "Stick" For a Consideration,

Los Angeles, Cal. July 3 .- A. J. Kruger, a talesman in the McNamara case, told the jury in the bribery trial of Clarence S, Darrow today of the al-leged attempt of Bert H, Franklin to bribe him.

Kruger testified that before Frank-Kruger testified that before Frank-lin approached him on the day he was drawn as a juror in the trial of J. B. McNamara he was visited by Frank F. Fewler, a Los Angeles attorney. Fewler, according to the witness. Fewler, a Los Angeles attorney.
Fewler, according to the witness, asked him to "stick" on the McNamara jury. "He picked up four matches from the floor," said Kruger, "and said there would be that much in it for me."
Fowler is employed by a local railway company and was publicly identified with the McNamara defence.
Kruger corroborated the main details of Bert Franklin's testimony relative to the latter's alleged dealings with the witness.

NEGRO CHARGED WITH THE VILLISCA CRIME

Arrested at His Home, in Sioux City, Ia., on His Own Statements.

Sloux City, In., July 3.—Caurged with the murder of the Joseph Moore family of six and two guests, at Villisca, Ia., June 10, Frank Roberts, a negro, is held by the Sioux City police, Roberts claims he was at Clarenda Ia., the

America's Three Leading Politicians

Woodrow Wilson, William Howard Taft and Theodore Roosevelt are today the three leading figures in the politics of America. The El Paso Herald, accordingly gives in its issue today, sketches of the lives of these three menone the head of the Democratic party, another the Republican nominee and the other the leader of the radicals of the country, the man who has set on foot his own political party. These sketches were prepared from a non-partisan source, by the International News service, and give the private, public and political history of the three men in detail. The sketches will be found on the first and second pages of the second section of today's Herald.

Applause He Received as the Convention Died, a Tribute to Nebraskan.

ALMOST A DEAD-LOCK AT THE LAST

Baltimore, Md., July 3 .- In the dying hours of the Democratic national convention this morning, it seemed for a time that there would be another deadlock over the nomination for vice president. Governor John E. Burke, of North Dakota, for whom Mr. Bryan had expressed a preference for the second place on the ticket had polled enough votes on the first ballots to block the nomination of governor Thomas R. Marshall, of Indiana, the leader.

The third ballot had just been ordered when the chairman of the North Dakota delegation obtained recognition from the chair and said:

"North Dakota offered her three-times governor to the party, believing him to be the strongest running mate for governor Wilson that could be nominated. We made the best fight we could for him and realize we are beaten. We therefore withdraw his name, assuring this convention that wherever there is a fight for Democratic votes next fall, governor John E. Burke will be found in the thick of it."

The speaker thereupon moved to make the nomination of governor Marshall unanimous. Immediately a wild scramble for the doors followed, few waiting to hear the motion put. Several seconds later chairman James's gavel fell at 1:56 a. m. on the final adjournment of one of the most noteworthy conventions in the history of the Democratic party.

William Lengings Breen sameland.

conventions in the history of the Demo-cratic party.

William Jennings Bryan remained a central figure to the last. A short time before adjournment he spoke his "vale-dictory" as he called it, transferring the party's standard to the shoulders of governor Wilson. The respectful atten-tion which the speech received and the applause at its conclusion were tributes to his leadership.

A large number of delegates left the

to his leadership.

A large number of delegates left the city after the nomination of governor Wilson yesterday afternoon, without waiting for the final session. Those who remained showed the relief they felt that the fight was over and a spirit of hilarity prevalled among these.

The Missouri delegation, loyal to the lest to "old Champ Clark," joined in the revelry as best they could and mingled their cheers for Woodrow Wilson with those of their convention neighbors, the joyful 24 from New Jersey.

TAFT SUPPORTERS FEARED HARMON MOST

Lansing, Mich., July 3.—Governor Think That Wilson Will Di-

"there is necessity for a new political party." He also glated be hoped Roosevelt would not be a candidate.

"The Issue is clearly joined for the people," said the governor, in his statement. "It is wall street vs. Wilson. Woodrow Wilson's character, temperament, preparation and fitness is above the high average of American president declined to comment and a few minutes later left to play golf. Friends of Mr. Taft, however, said learnts. He is a christian, a scholar and a fearless citizen. Republicans can vote for Wilson without leaving their party or bolting. The real Republican party has no candidate for president this year. There has been no nomination. The action of the Political freebooters is not binding on the Republican party count of the Republican party with the real separation of the Soliciting on Roosevelt to continue his plan for a third party, they count upon the progressive element splitting on Roosevelt and Wilson.

It is well known in Washington that

SILVER CITY DEMOCRATS PLEASED WITH NOMINATION.

Silver City, N. M., July 3.—The nom-ination of Wilson gives universal Sat-isfaction to Democrats here and it is predicted he will easily be elected over all onnegition.

MONEY FOR ARMY MANEUVERS. Washington, D. C., July 3 .- The senate today agreed to a joint resolution appropriating \$1.350,000 for the encampments and maneuvers of the organized militia of the states. The appropriation was originally in the army bill which was

Assistant Treasurer Andrew, Discharged, Declares Superior Lacks Capacity.

SECRETARY'S MIND ABNORMAL, HE SAYS

Washington, D. C., July 3 .- A. Platt Andrew today tendered his resignation to president Taft as assistant secretary of the treasury.

In a spirited letter to the president, Mr. Andrew writes of conditions in the

Mr. Andrew writes of conditions in the treasury department which are alleged to be due to the attitude of secretary MacVengh toward many of his subordinates.

Assistant secretary Andrew's letter of resignation charges that subordinates of the treasury department have been hampered and discouraged at every turn by secretary MacVengh's idiosyncracies and his incapacity for decision. It contains a scathing arraignment of secretary MacVengh's administration, of the "government affairs," and created a profound sensation in official circles.

Indicates Others Are Disantisfied.

Indicates Others Are Disantisfied.
One portion of Andrew's letter to the resident is susceptible of being interreted to the effect that other high fficials in the treasury are disastisfied with secretary MacVeagh's treatment of them.

with secretary MacVeagh's treatment of them.

"For further evidence of the peculiar difficulties which surround the handling of business in the treasury," he suggested that president Taft consult Lawrence O. Murray, controler of the currency; Lee McClung, treasurer of the United States; Joseph E. Ralph, director of the bureau of engraving and printing; Charles A. Kram, auditor for the postoffice; Royal E. Cabell, commissioner of international revenue; James Knox Taylor, former supervising architect, and Charles D. Norton, Mr. Andrew's predecessor and former secretary to the president.

MneVeagh Was on Verge of Resignation Dr. Andrew's letter to secretary Mac-

Says MacVengk is Dilatory.
Dr. Andrew's letter to the president ays in part:
"For a long time the transaction of

With Roosevelt.

Washington, D. C., July 3.—President much of the treasury's business has Washington, D. C., July 3.—President Taft heard of governor Woodrow Wilson's nomination while at luncheon in the White House with Mrs. Taft and other members of his family. The president declined to comment and a few minutes later left to play goif. Friends of Mr. Taft, however, said last night they could find a grain of cemfort in the selection of the Baltimore convention. Expecting Col. Roosevelt to continue his plan for a third party, they count upon the progregative element splitting on Roosevelt and Wilson.

It is well known in Washington that the president and his friends feared the nomination of governor Harmon or Oscar Underwood far more than they did that of governor Wilson.

SILVER CITY DEMOCRATS

PLEASED WITH NOMINATION,

Says MacVeagh's Mind Is Abnormal.

"Mr. MacVeagh's mental attitude is difficult to realize by those who have not had intimate everyday experience with it. Toward many of the high treasury officials he has from time to time displayed an aversion, suspicion and distrust which, in view of the fact that these officials were men of his own choosing, would seem inexplicable in a man of normal mind. For many months at a time he has persistently nonths at a time he has persistently efused even to speak to those officials of his department with whom he should (Continued on page four)

In Addition to Killing For Local Consumption, Lean Beef Will Be Shipped.

BY-PRODUCTS TO BE UTILIZED ALSO

Options have been taken on 100 acres of land in the extreme southern part of the Cotton addition for the killing plant and stockyards which are to be established there.

The options were given by A. P. Coles and are good for six months. Plans are now being drawn for the layout of the stockyards, the buildings and

of the stockyards, the buildings and for the loop, which will connect the yards with each of the railroads in El Paso.

The building plans include an office, a power plant, a killing plant, ice factory, lard compound, soap factory, hide house warehouse and stables. These will face on south Fifth street along the east side of the street. They will be built either of concrete and steel or of brick and steel.

The plant when completed will do a general killing business for the local markets, and animals which it will not pay to ship for beef will be killed at the plant upon the arrival from Mexico and saited down and shipped east for sausage, mince meat, etc. The stockyards, which will cover 50 of the 100 acres, will be used for a general clearing yards for Mexican and southwestern cattle. The byproduct plants include a soap making factory with a capacity of five tons of high grade laundry soap each day, the lard compound factory will manufacture a high grade of cooking lard, the hide house will be for the storage and treatment of hides and the ice factory will minke ice for the entire plant and will size have a refrigeration plant in connection. have a refrigeration plant in connec-

MneVeagh Was on Verge of Resignation

Dr. Andrew's letter to secretary MacVeagh, advising him of the resignation,
discloses the hitherto unpublished fact
that Mr. MacVeagh was on the verge of
leaving the cabinet in December, 1910.
In one part the letter says:

"You cannot forget how I stood by
you when you were on the point of
having taken from your hands what
probably was the most important undertaking of your administration.
When the white house, in December,
1910, without consulting with you, entered negotiations for an issue of
Panama bonds, the embarrassment of
the situation threatened to force your
resignation. Tou will remember that I
did everything in my power to avert
your humiliation and that I loyally
agreed to resign and leave the service
with the G. H. & S. A. the Southwest
Wills street between Dallas and Brookline streets. The Santa Fe street connection will be at Sixth street, where
the stockyards loop will also connect
with the Mexican Central for Mexica.
The North Western line will also have
a connection at Sixth street near the
old El Paso Southern station. This
loop will be five miles in length and
the company will have a number of
modern switching engines for hauling
article in El Paso Saturday to prepare
plans for the construction of the plant.

Says MacVengk is Dilatory. The stockyards will have a capacity

at the next regular meeting of the ations will start as soon as the engi ations will start as soon as the east-meering company has completed the plans for the buildings. Surveys have have been made and blue prints drawn of the layout and are now being revised and additional data added for the information of the contractors.

PROBABLY KILLED SELF. WIFE AND CHILD

Discovered That Man Whose Home Was Burned Purchased Chloroform.

Binghamton, N. Y., July 3.-Binghamton was stirred today upon receiving news from Harvard, a small town near by, to the effect that while investigating the death of Emerson Clark, his wife and one of their children in a fire that destroyed their home, the coroner found that Clark bought a bottle of chloroform the day before the fire. The coroner believes that he chloroformed the two members of the family, saturated their clothing with kerosens at the color of the family, and the periods of the family.

saturated their clothing with kerosena set fire to it and then perished himself in the burning house.

The body of the daughter, aged 5, was found bound up in bedclothen. There was evidence that kerosene had been used. Clark and his wife, who was his third wife, did not live happily together. His two other children had came crippled with serious injuries.

By VICTOR OCHOA

First Firing of Federal Field Pieces Failed to Find the Range of the Rebel Troops-Rebels Reply With Their Fieldpieces and Put Sharpshooters to Work-Orozco in Command of Rebels.

(Associated Press Dispatch, from correspondent in the field, sent over rebel wires.) At Rebel Front, Bachimba, Mex., July 3.—Shells from the artillery of the federal force began falling near the hills where the rebels are entrenchd, two miles from Bachimba, shortly after 11 a. m. today. At the same time the federal cavalry in three columns began moving up slowly.

Shortly before noon the shelling by the federals became more frequent, the rebels finally answering with their artillery, while rebel sharpshooters waited for the federal cavalry to move into range. The federal shells were not well placed and the rebels held their position

Impatient at the dilatory tactics of the federals, who for three days have been marching their troops to within 20 miles of Bachimba and then turning them back, the rebel army, directed by Gen. Orozco, was prepared for the federal attack. FEDERAL CANNON FIRE HEAVY.

The federals this afternoon were directing a heavy artillery fire at Del Frente, a point two miles southwest of here, where Gen. Del Tero is commanding a large force of rebels. The rebels are sticking to the fray, though the shelling is dangerously close: A federal column of 300 came up from the east, meeting a big detachment of

rebels under Gen. J. J. Campos. The government lost several men and retired a short distance. The rebels are fighting also in open order along the small hills toward the west for a distance of a mile toward San Diego mountains, where it is thought the strongest flank movement of the federals is directed.

Another federal column is coming up to the extreme west of Bachimba, being awaited by the rebel troops under Col. Roque Gomes:

OROZCO ON THE FIELD. Gen. Orozco and his staff reached the battlefield at 1:30 p. m., having stationed themselves at a point just back of the eastern entrance to the canyon. He is dispatching messengers to all parts of the field. The rebels are using their

small mountain artillery along with heavier guns, most of which are stationed at the eastern end of the pass, which runs north and south. The rifle fire from both sides is heavy, while the shelling of the artillery is

thundering incessantly. The federals are using at least three batteries of heavy artillery, while the

rebels have but two.

FEDERALS ATTACK THE REBELS AT BACHIMBA

(By Associated Press, over federal controled wires.)

At General Huerta's Federal Headquarters, Bachimba, Mex., July 3 .--After several days of delay during which the troops, by flank movements, were reaching designation positions, Gen. Huesta, the federal commander, gave the word McCandish Engineering company, will arrive in El Paso Saturday to prepare plans for the construction of the plant, which with the stockyards, loop and byproduct plants will cost \$800,000, it is estimated. When completed and in operation, the plant will employ 300 men. A franchise will be asked for the complete of the company of the repetition of the re at 5 oclock this morning to begin the attack on the rebel army, gathered near Bachimba under Gen. Orozco. With a few shells, the government artillery had dis-

The troops are being moved cautiously to avoid rebel mines, which have been Explanation of the reported catastrophe of two days ago, when a big explosion was heard in the rebel camp, was made today by a report to headquarters.

A rebel mine destroyed a big water tank, seriously injuring a civilian and slightly wounding another. Bany mines were discovered nearby and the detonation was caused by their

explosion after being removed by the government engineers.

WOUNDED FEDERALS TAKEN TO AGUA PRIETA

(By Associated Press.)

Agua Prieta, Sonora, July 3.-Sixteen wounded federals were brought here today from Bavispe, Sonora, where the federals (of Garibaldi's command) were defeated yesterday in a fight with the rebels. The wounded federals admit that the federals were defeated, but declare that Col. Morelos's federal troops recaptured Bavispe. They say 14 federals and 30 rebels were killed in the fighting. A wagon train and 100 men left Agua Prieta this morning. Sanjines and Blanco, federal generals, are still here. THE FEDERALS IN SONORA.

Troops at Colonia Morelos and Fronteras, south of here, are taking positions Eleven wagonloads of ammunition and provisions left for Colonia Morelos.

on the west banks of the Yaqui river. Information has been received by Gen. Sanjines that the rebels are advancing in three columns from Chihaahua and have aiready passed Casas Grandes, Pearson and Madera, on the Mexico North Western railroad. Federals here believe Orozco will abandon Bachimba and Chihuahua and move

his entire force into Sonora. JUAREZ MAY BE REBEL CAPITAL

If Orozco Is Beaten Back at Bachimba, Capital May Come Here.

Juarez may be the capital of the rebel forces in the next two or three days, according to the outcome of the battle of Bachimba, as a reverse will mean the moving of the rebel government to Juarez, say Juarez officials. The rebel legislature some time ago sanctioned the moving of the state capital to any place which the rebels saw if it is come of necessity and for saw fit in case of necessity and for this reason, if the rebels are defeated, governor Felix Gutierrez will come to Juarez and establish his state govern-

ment there.

Already, many of the important papers of the rebel government have been removed from Chihushus to Justes to avoid confiscation in case of federal occupation of Chihushus.

Funds are becoming scarce in the

city of Juarez among the rebel leaders and every possible effort to turn their assets into money are being made. The customs officials and the other government employes have not been paid their saintles for the month of June and the pay of the soldiers has been cut to half.

The reason that the customs men have not received their pay, is because the imports of the port have not amounted to enough during the month to pay expenses.

Many of the employes of the Mexican Central road, which is run by the rebels, have not received their pay, which was due on June 19: only those employes who are really necessary to the road have been given their money. In Juarez the watchmen and flag-men have quit their positions. Many of the section men have done the same.

As Each Blow Is Struck Herald Will Get It By Wire

BULLETINS of the Las Vegas prizefight—between Jack Johnson and Jim Flynn—for the heavyweight championship, will be posted by the El Paso Herald on its bulletin boards in front of The Herald building. Thursday afternoon. The fight will be received by rounds in The Herald editorial rooms and read from the balcony of The Herald building with a megaphone; also posted on The Herald bulletin boards.

The Associated Press loop to the fight ring has been connected with The Herald's leased wire, which passes through Las Vegas, and, as the results are flashed to the Denver distributing office of the Associated Press, for distribution to the rest of the world, they will also be flashed into The El Paso Herald office at this end of the wire.

There will be absolutely no loss of time. As the blows are struck, they will be recorded instantly in The Herald office. This will be the fastest service of any in the country, as the report must be relayed at Denver for all the big eastern and western papers.

Says Knox Policies Have Sundered Mexican Friendship For Americans

Contributor Declares That Rebel Army Is Now Slipping Into Sonora, With Guaymas for Its Objective Point-Declares Madero Is

Gen. Diaz had a standing offer of \$50,000 for him. He was sentenced to prison from El Paso in 1885 on a charge of violating the United States neutrality laws. He is now a citizen of Paterson, N. J., and president of the International Airship

Seeking Alliance With Japan. Victor Ochoa, a citizen of the United States, was at one time a revolutionist against Gen. Diaz and for many years

company. He has been in El Paso for several weeks past and sizes up the present Mexican situation below: If IS clearly shown, in the light of recent events, that a mistuke has been birth.

Today due to the unfair and light and protecting ally, and we see the made in following a policy that has embittered not only the Mexican people but the whole of latin-America. The bit-ter denunciation of the Americans, heralded by all the Spanish press, from the Rio Grande to Cape Horn, should be ample proof that the Knox policy insofar

as relates to Mexican matters, has been

sad mistake. It was a grievous mistake to order all Americans out of Mexico, when the Washington government had no intention whatever of waging a war against Mex-co, for this act alone made all the Mexican people believe that such order was the forerunner of a declaration of war. The Americans are practically all out of Mexico and, barring the massing of troops on the border merely to prothe smuggling of ammunition into the zone held by the rebels—while the same government is giving every comfort and aid to the Madero government to the end that it may the better crush out a re-bellion—a rebellion in which the very life of the Mexican people is at stake, as against the monied oligarchy that holds that nation in a bonded slavery today-nothing more has been accomshed than to engender the most bitter hatred of the Mexican toward the Americans, who were formerly the most wel-

Mexicans call a 'meddling of Washing-ton in the war of a foreign country," the

name of a Gringo and that of a dog are synonymous in Mexico in many quarters, What has been gained by the attitude at Washington? This much has been gained: In their despair the Mexicans have been compelled to look about for a saving straw, as it were, and we find not only the rebels but even the Ma-

THE FOURTH IN EL PASO

July 4 will be quietly celebrated in El Paso. The postoffice will close dur-ling the greater part of the day, the banks will close all day and many of banks will close all day and many of the stores will shut up shop at noon and take a half holiday at home or in front of The El Paso Herald watching the fight bulletins from Las Vegas. But one delivery will be made by the mail carriers in the residence districts and three downtown. The office will be open from 10 until 11 Thursday morn-ing. The federal building will close all day and other public offices will close.

comed guests of that country, for no American that ever traveled that country will say that a hearty welcome was not waiting him at the home of every Mexi-

able and protecting ally, and we see the spectacle of Madero-himself parting with his strongest man, his brother, Gustavo, and sending him to Japan, the only country that might and could give Mexico aid as against its northern giant. Orozeo has been driven back, yes, ove desert that was harder for his men to bear than the others who held the green fringes of the Nazas river at Torreon also it has enabled him to concentrate his troops into a smaller area, and, like a coiled rattle-make. Orozeo can reach about and slav in detail the enemy as it endeavors to approach him. Incidentally he has seen the uselessness of keeping three to four thousand men idle in the

capital at Chihuahua and we behold the sliding of the smake's head—Gen. Sala-zar at the head of some four thousand men-into the green pastures of the beautiful and rich state of Sonora, which all along has been inadequatel vprotected by the troops of Madero. The movement to Casas Grandes is

the slipping into the port of Guaymas and nothing more and nothing less If this was the desired result of Washington, it certainly has succeeded most beautifully in accomplishing it. It has incidentally alienated the sympa thies of a people, who, by nature and obligation are friendly to their American brothers on the north; these have been sundered; sympathies and ties of friendship that it will take 50 years to heal and recover.